



# Image Sensors to Enable Low-Cost & Low-Power Computer Vision Applications

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life.augmented

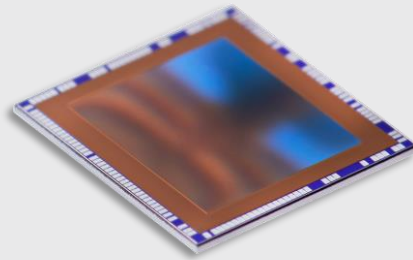
# Imaging Overview

## dToF module direct ToF



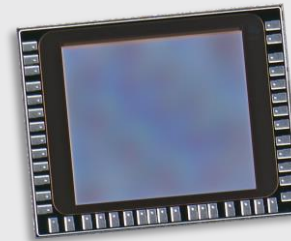
Single point to multizone  
All-in-one module  
SPAD 40 nm process

## 3D ToF sensor indirect ToF



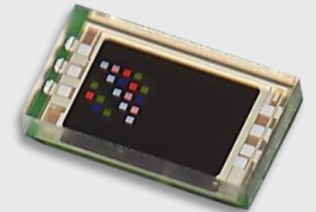
High resolution  
Indirect & direct ToF  
3D stacked BSI 40 nm

## Global shutter 2D camera sensor



High sensitivity  
Smallest size  
Ultra low power

## ALS & combo ambient light sensing



ALS & proximity sensor  
High sensitivity  
Under OLED operation



> 2 Bu



Time-of-Flight sensors

> 1 Bu



Global Shutter sensors

> 500 Mu

ALS sensors

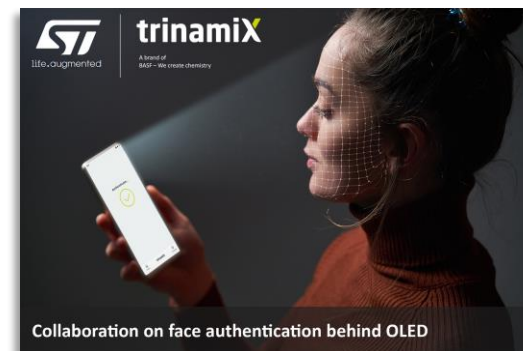
# Today's Focus: 2D Cameras



# Specialized Camera Sensors:

Resolutions, Ultra-low power, Embedded computing, Read-out modes, etc...

- **Smallest Global Shutter pixel**
  - ✓ Smaller sensor size for higher resolution than competition
  - ✓ Very high-performance sensing both Visible & Near-IR
- **Disruptive Embedded Features**  
Enabling new computer vision paradigms
- **Very & Ultra Low-Power**  
for always-on sensing
- **Low latency, fast frame-rates**  
For ultra-reactive devices

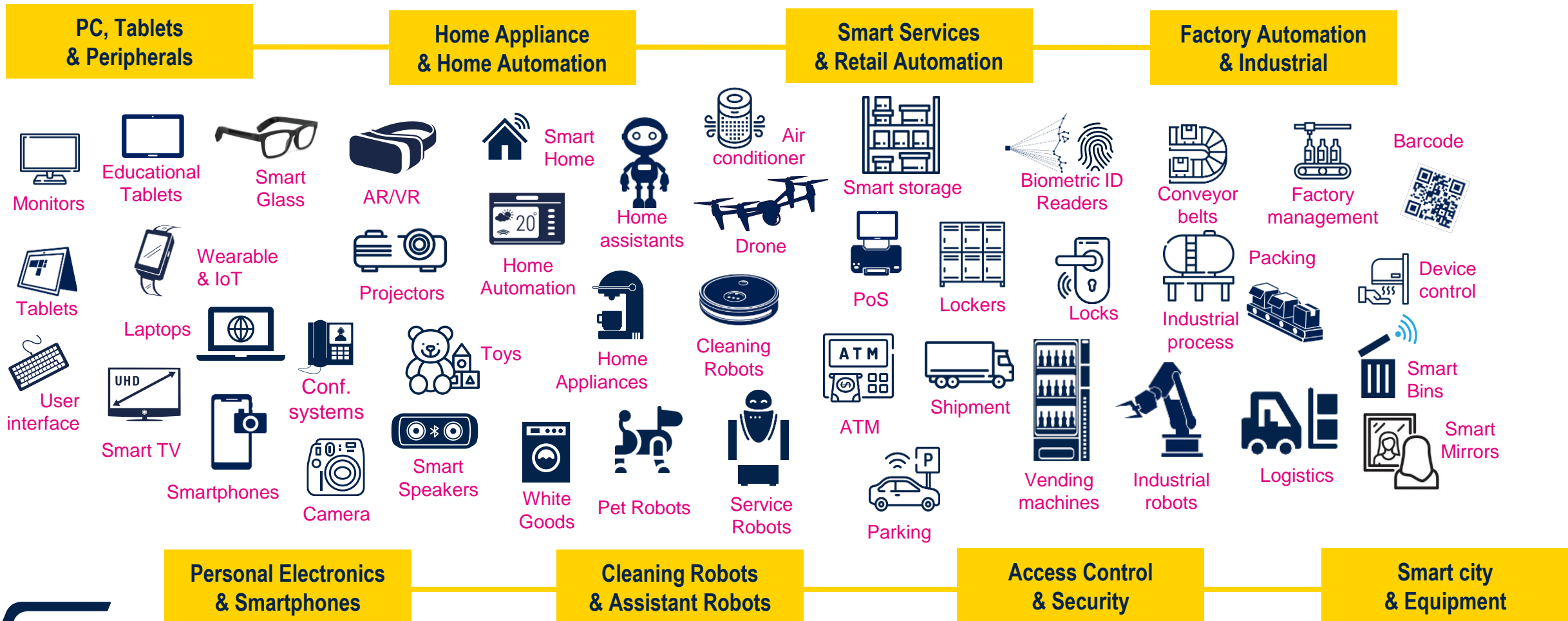


➡ **Specialized sensors for computer vision**  
both for consumer & high-end



# Unlimited Market & Applications

## Smart Computer Vision growing everywhere



# Global Shutter | Specialized Technology

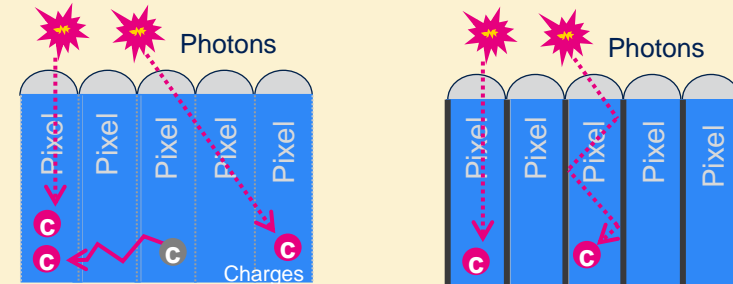
## C-DTI pixels

Capacitive Deep  
Trench Isolation

### Advanced Global Shutter

- BSI with deep photodiode
- Full pixel isolation

➔ High sensitivity & sharpness,  
up to near-IR wavelength



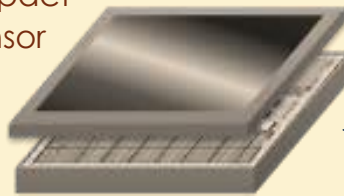
No pixel isolation

C-DTI  
Capacitive Deep Trench Isolation

## 3D Stacking Small Size & Higher Resolution

Ultra Compact  
Imaging Sensor

65nm  
40nm



**Top layer 65nm** => Optimized for pixel

- Full pixel encapsulation C-DTI & Deep photodiode
- High density unique in-pixel storage nodes

**Bottom layer 40nm** => No pixel circuitry !

- Full layer available for analogue/digital circuitry
- Feature full & very low power

**Secured  
Supply chain** ➔

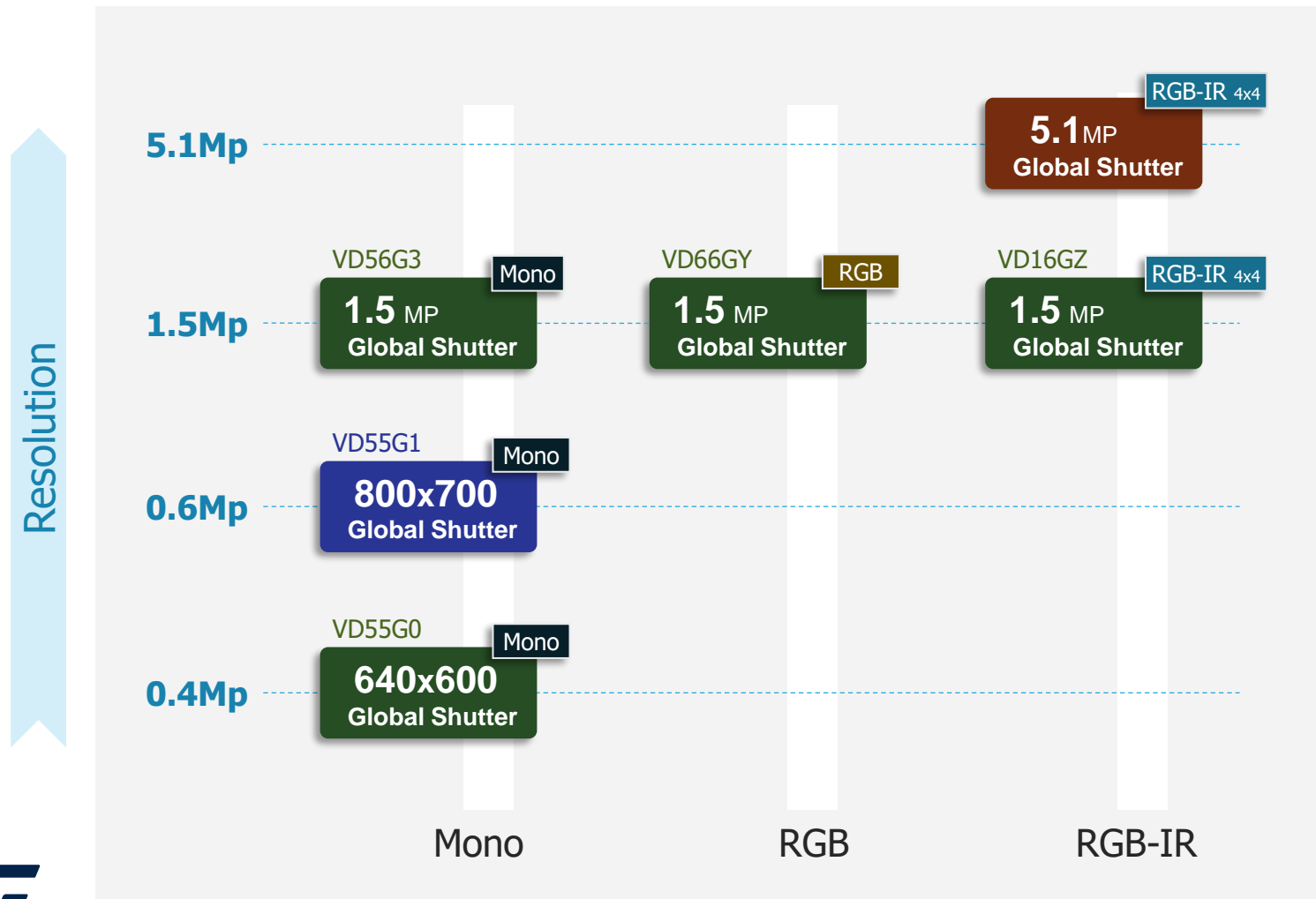
- No dependency from a 3<sup>rd</sup> party foundry
- Made in ST European 300mm fabs
- ST proprietary technologies

# Image Sensor Offerings



# Camera Sensors

## Global Shutter technologies



- BSI with CDTI Stacked 40nm **2.6µm GS**
- BSI with CDTI Stacked 40nm **2.16µm GS**
- BSI with CDTI Stacked 40nm **2.25µm GS**

Engineered to enable  
Computer Vision everywhere



**Deep Dive**

**1.5 Mpixels VD56G3**



# 1.5 Mpixels

## Global Shutter High performance


**VD56G3** Monochrome  
**VD16GY** RGB-IR 4x4  
**VD66GZ** Bayer RGB

### Sensor Characteristics

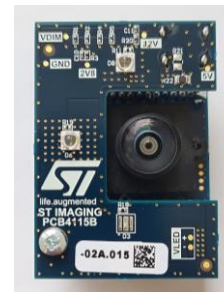
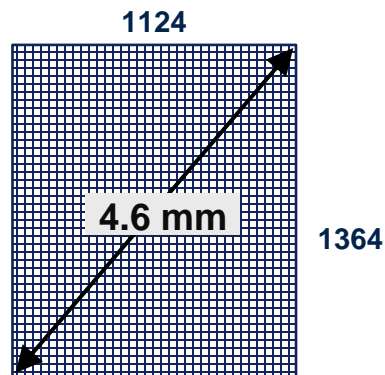
- 1.5 MP (1124 x 1364 pixels array)
- 2.6  $\mu\text{m}$  BSI Global Shutter  
High Sensitivity & Sharpness, from visible to near-IR
- Auto-exposure, Defect correction, Temperature sensor
- 4 contexts, sequence-able with immediate switch
- Flexible illumination controls

### Embedded Optical Flow

- Embedded Motion Vectors, fully hardware for best power/perf ratio
- Detects automatically point of interest, and track their position change
- Up to 2000 vectors/image @60fps or 300fps with lower number of vectors
- Feature consuming only 20mW



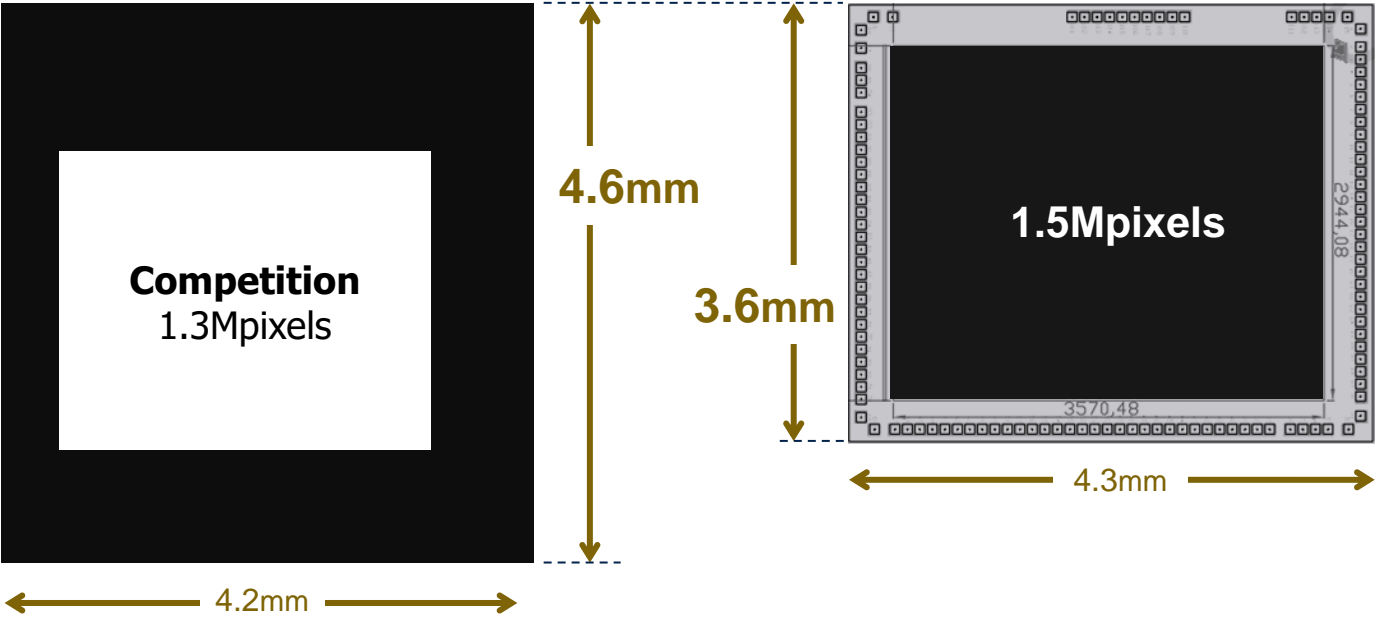
**FoV of +15%**  
1.5Mp vs 1.3Mp



### Development Tools

- Evaluation Kit (GUI + SDK)
- Linux Driver & 96boards plugin
- Raspberry plugin
- STM32 board & driver

# Size: ST vs Competition



➔ ST sensor with both

- higher resolution
- & smaller sensor size

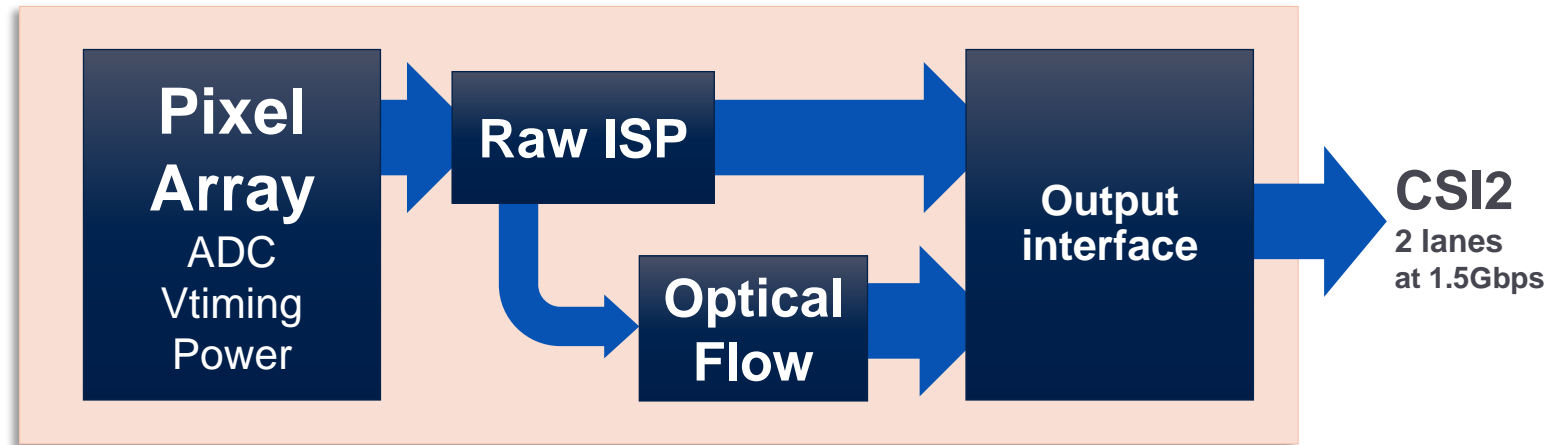
**Competition** [ • 1.3Mp  
• 18mm<sup>2</sup> ] vs [ • 1.5Mp  
• 16mm<sup>2</sup> ] **ST VD56G3**

# VD56G3 : Optical Flow

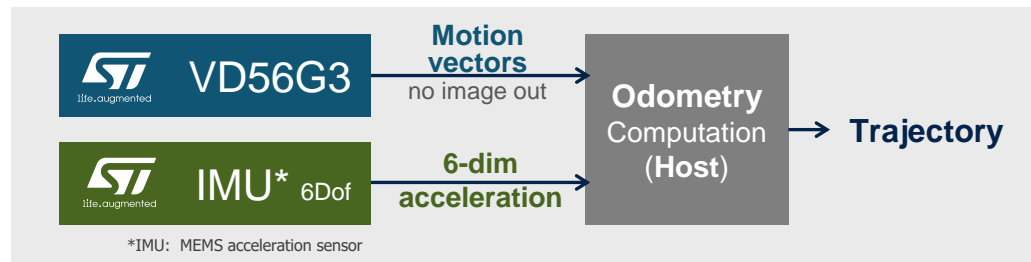
## Outputs

- **Points of Interests**  
as automatically detected by the sensor on each frames,  
Up to 2000 points per frame
- **Movement vectors**  
indicates points position change
  - Up to 2000 vectors per frame at 60 fps
  - or 300fps with lower number of vectors
- **Quality estimation**  
of vector relevance

## VD56G3 sensor



SLAM ➔ Enabling odometry only with Optical Flow + IMU



## Optical Flow

### Embedded and 100% Autonomous

- Lower external processing usage
- Much lower host power consumption
- Only 20mW feature
- Preserved people privacy

# Optical Flow



**VD56G3, V66GY & V16GZ**  
Compatible with all Mono/Color versions

## Embedded Optical Flow

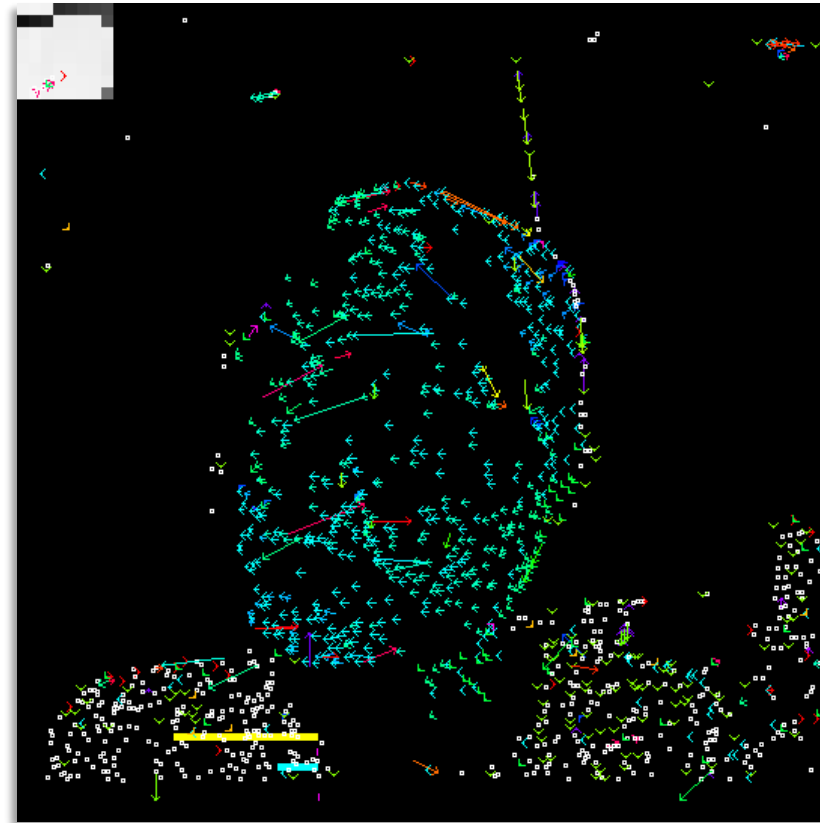
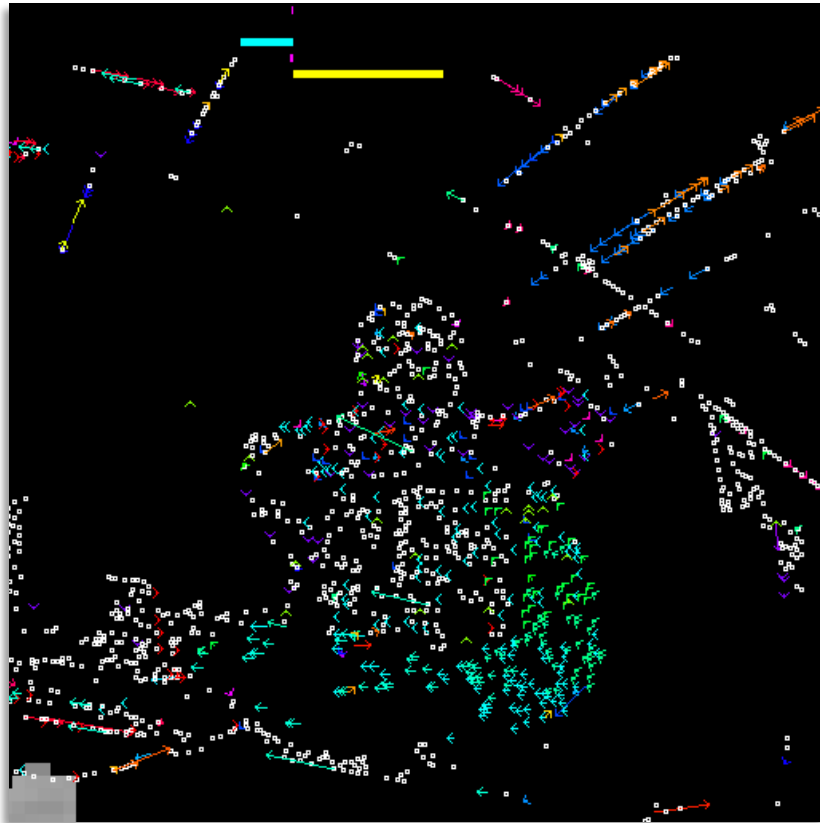
- Privacy with no image out mode
- Fully autonomous

## Enabling SLAM (odometry)

Without image output but motion vectors

Up to 2000 features & vectors per frame  
at 60 frames/sec  
or up to 300fps with 512 vectors

# VD56G3 : Optical Flow



- Low host processing
- Privacy

no image output, only vectors !

## User Interaction & Object tracking

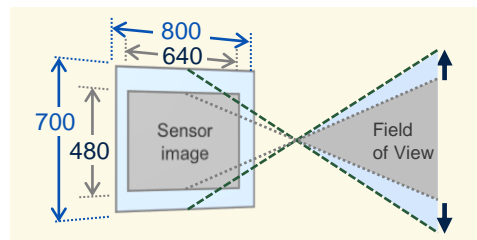
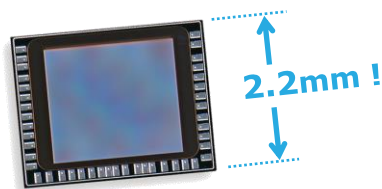
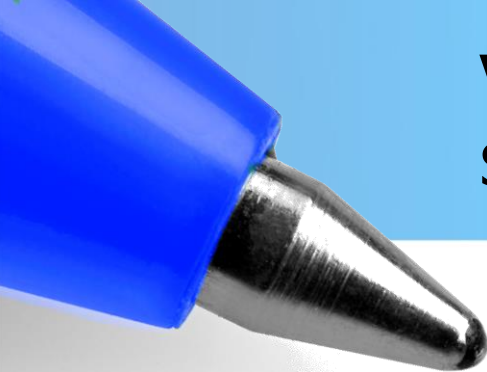
# Deep Dive

**800 x 700** VD55G1



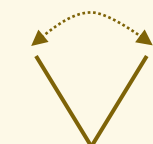
# VD55G1 : 800 x 700

Smaller sensor than existing 640x480 global shutter !



## Sensor Characteristics

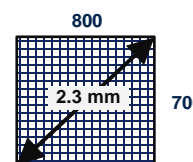
- Smallest 2.16  $\mu\text{m}$  BSI Global Shutter
- 804 x 704 pixels array
- **Smaller GS sensor vs VGA, for higher resolution**
- High Sensitivity & Sharpness, from visible to near-IR
- Fully encapsulated CDTI pixel for ultra-low crosstalk
- Low noise GS pixel + embedded smart denoising
- 260fps (VGA), 460fps (QVGA) & 185fps (800x700)
- Temperature sensor



**800x700**  
resolution



**+26% hor FoV**  
**+47% ver FoV**  
vs VGA sensor

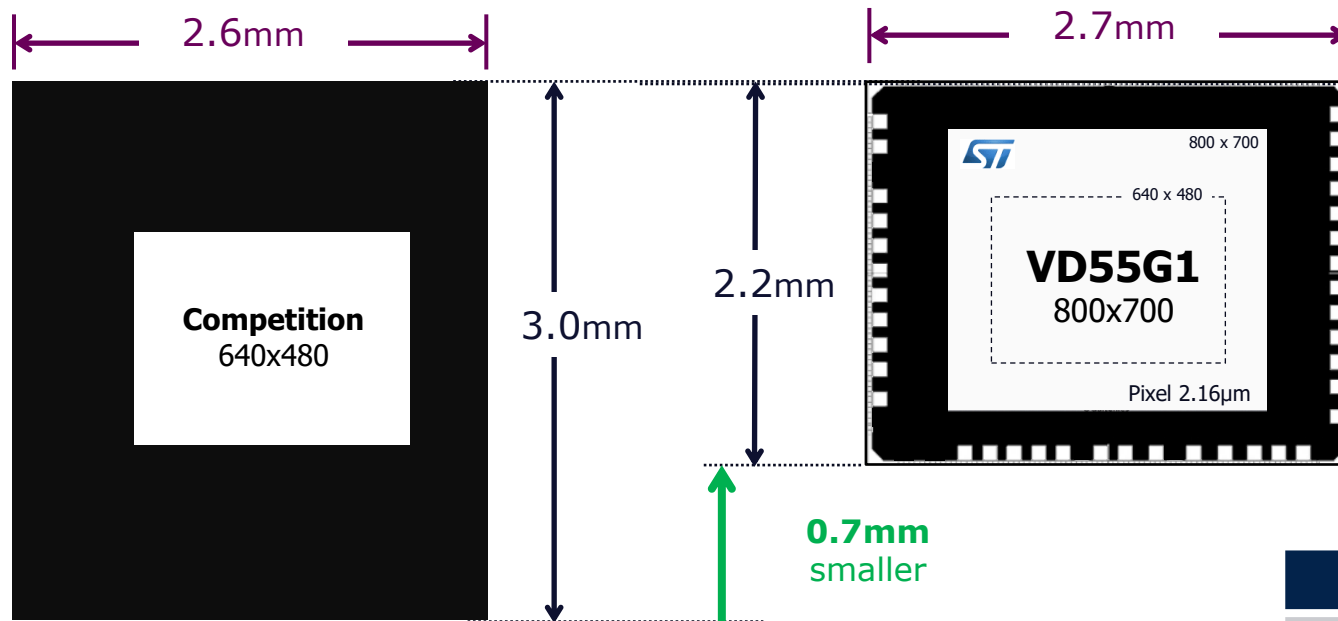


## Embedded Features

- **Auto wake-up Always-on**  
Scene change detection, ultra-low power
- **Auto Background & Ambient removal**  
In-pixel & no host processing required
- **Innovative Differential image mode**  
Single frame signed pixel change events !
- **Spatial HDR**  
No latency, perfect for SLAM & motion
- **Multiple Auto-exposures**  
Several concurrent AE loops
- **I3C image output** Dual image output
- **10x faster control with I3C**
- **Flexible tone mapping**
- **4 sequence-able contexts fast switch**  
Modes, tone mapping, AE, illumination ctrl...
- **Raw ISP** Dark Calibration, Smart denoising, Adaptive Defect correction ...



# Size : ST vs Competition



**ST proposes a higher resolution on a smaller size !**  
especially on the Y direction

	Competition	STMicroelectronics	
Resolution	640x480	Higher → 800x700	+ 82%
Die Size	8.1 mm <sup>2</sup>	Smaller → 5.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	- 42%
Y Size	3.0 mm	Smaller → 2.2mm	- 30%

• **Smaller sensor** ➔ no penalty when replacing a VGA sensor

• **Higher resolution** ➔ enabling wider FoV

# VD55G1 : In-pixel Background Removal

Single frame, no impact on host, power or latency



**Scene**

Ambient light + illuminated NIR



**Sensor output**

illuminated NIR data only

## Single frame background removal

- Autonomous
- Without need for host computing
- No latency drawback
- No impact on power consumption !

## Sensor outputs simpler image for analysis

- Background is black in the output image

## Only the foreground is sent to the host

- Only the user near surrounding is sensed
- Easy the privacy control

- Easing user detection & effortless foreground isolation
- Possibly assisting the background blurring

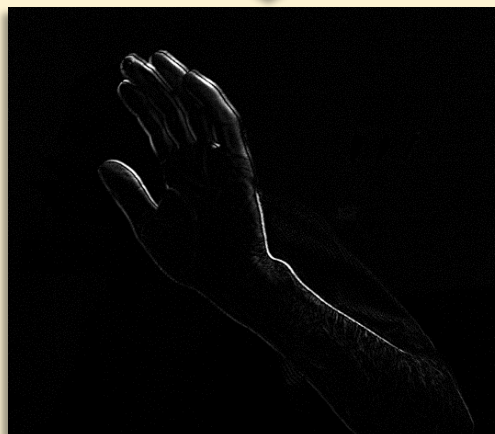
# VD55G1 : Differential mode

Single frame with only pixel changes !

Scene



Differential  
image



## Innovative event-like image

- Only pixel with motion remaining
- Difference is signed & proportional
- Flexible delay between the 2 exposures
- Ultra-short delay possible to catch motion
- Preserving privacy !

## Single frame Differential Mode

- Autonomous
- No need for host computing
- Ultra-low latency motion capture
- No impact on power consumption !

# VD55G1 : Differential mode

Single frame with only pixel changes !

**Opportunity for a new paradigm for use cases with *event-like* image**

- 6DoF
- Eyes tracking
- Gesture & hand tracking
- Scene activity detection
- Object tracking



# VD55G1 : Single frame HDR

Different pixel exposures within the same frame

VD55G1 raw HDR output



Single HDR frame



Host  
processing



Single frame with 90dB+ !



HDR frame reconstructed

VD55G1 sensor HDR mode



**A** Pixel with exposure A  
**B** Pixel with exposure B

Linear HDR  
with a single frame

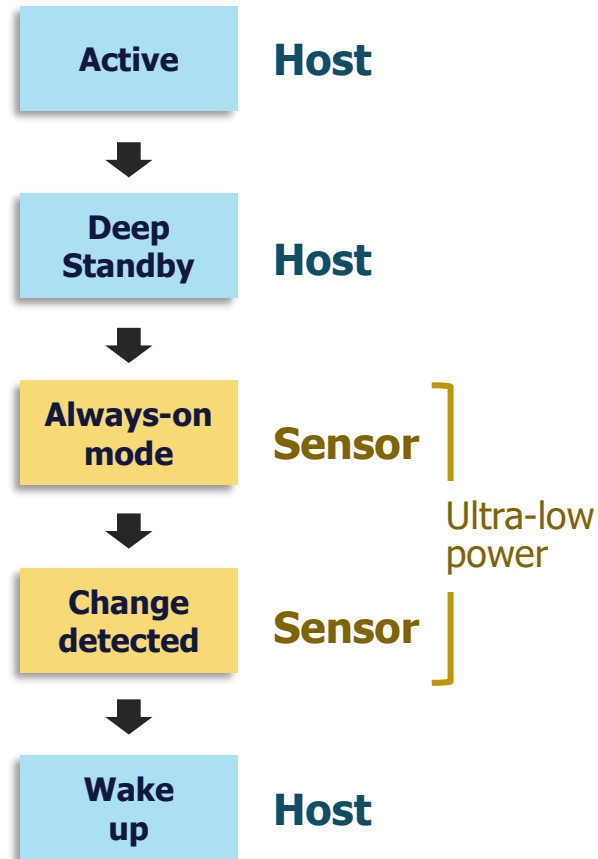


- No impact on latency
- No impact on power consumption
- No ghosting artifacts => perfect for motion

# VD55G1 : Always-on detection

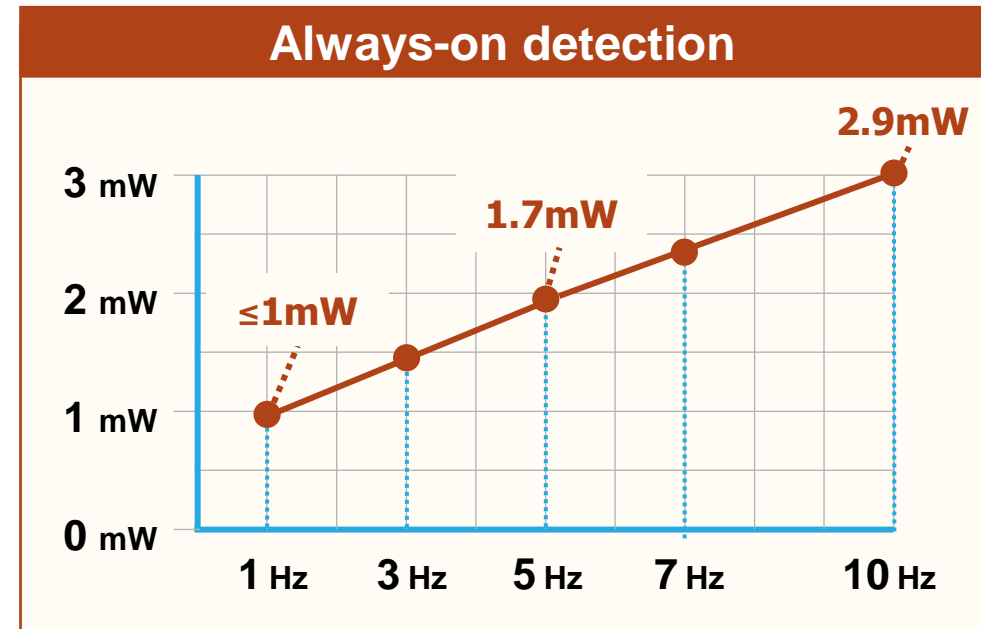
## Ultra-low power scene change analysis

### Sensor Always-on Detection



### Auto wake-up feature

- ✓ Autonomous scene analysis
- ✓ Wake-up the host if change detected
- ✓ Ultra-low power for always-on sensing

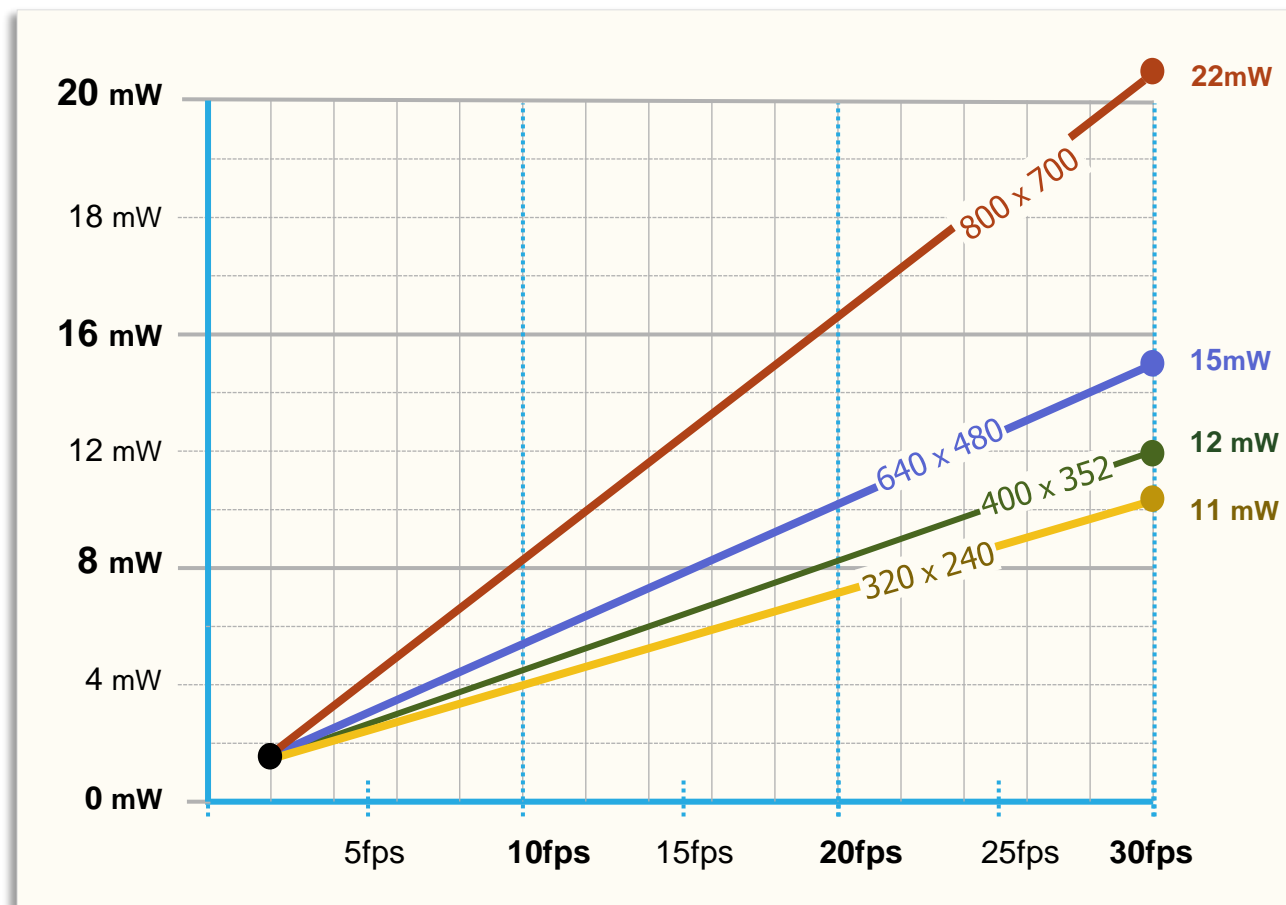


# VD55G1 : Power Consumption

Very & Ultra low power architecture

## Battery-friendly sensor

- ✓ None image quality decrease with ultra-low power mode
- ✓ All features & modes fully functional !
- ✓ VD55G1 is natively optimized for power efficiency

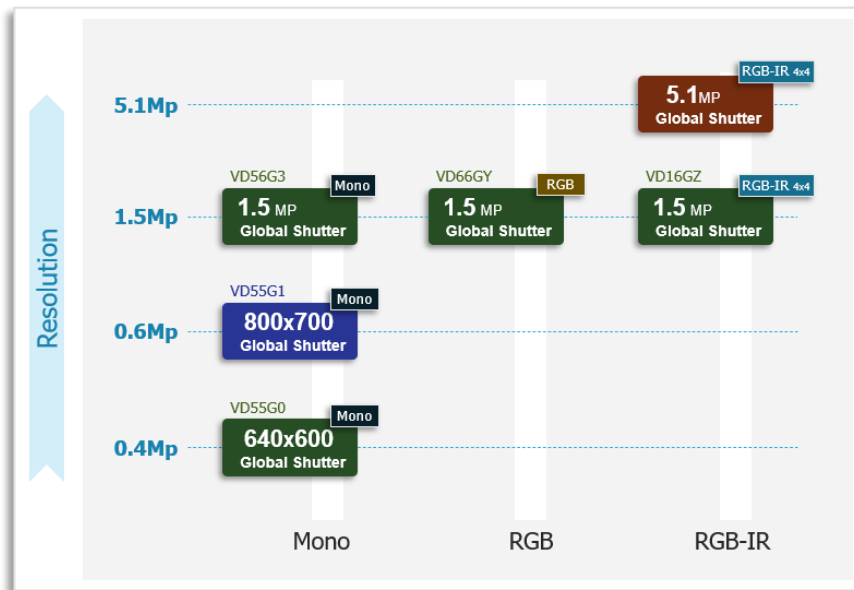


# Key Take Aways





ST supporting the growth of computer vision use cases, with a specialized sensor family



- **Smallest Global Shutter technologies**

- ✓ Smaller sensor size for higher resolution than competition
- ✓ Very high-performance sensing both Visible & Near-IR

- **Disruptive Embedded Features**

Enabling new computer vision paradigms

- **Very & Ultra Low-Power**

for always-on sensing

- **Low latency, fast frame-rates**

For ultra-reactive devices

## Resource

New camera sensors

[YouTube video - Global Shutter family](#)

Product page:

<https://www.st.com/en/imaging-and-photonics-solutions/vd55g1.html>

## 2023 Embedded Vision Summit Demos Booth:#516

Optical Solutions for Computer Vision  
featuring:

VD55G1 – 0.56Mp with embedded CV features  
VD56G3 – 1.5Mp stereovision camera module

**Thank you**

